CURRENT SITUATION IN CEREAL SECTOR IN UKRAINE

Cereal production is of great importance for the agricultural sector of Ukraine. Traditionally, 1990 year is considered to be the base year for comparison of performance, both in general for agriculture of the Ukraine, and in the sector of grain production directly. In recent years, grain farming is not lost but even strengthened its leading position. Already in 2011 year record of gross harvest of 90 grain, was beaten by 56 million tons. It is grain crops from year to year the positive balance of foreign trade form the agricultural products trade. According to preliminary results the results of the harvest in 2013 in Ukraine collected a record 63 million tons of grain and leguminous cultures in weight after completion, according to state statistics. It is 36.3 % more than last year, and 11 % more than the previous record of two years ago-56.7 million tons. To achieve this result was due to a huge harvest of corn in the amount of almost 31 million tons. Among the oil records two distinguished culture-sunflower and soybean.

According to the published report From «the State of agriculture in 2013», the volumes of production of main crops increased compared with the previous year and amounted to: wheat-22,27 million tons (41.3 %), maize for grain-30.9 million tons (+ 47.4 %), barley-7,56 million tons (+ 9 %).

The average yield of grain and beans has risen to 3.99 t/ha vs. 3.12 t/ha in 2012 and 3.7 t/ha in 2011. Yields of wheat totaled 3.39 t/ha (21 % more than in the previous year), corn-6.4 t/ha, 34 % more than in the year 2012, but slightly smaller than yields in 2011 (6,44 t/ha). Yields of barley amounted to 2,34 t/ha, which is 11 % more than last year’s.

The structure of the yield of grain in 2013 is as follows: the largest share (49.4 %) is corn, the share of wheat is 35.6 %, barley takes stake in 12.1 %. Together, these three crops accounted for 97.1 % of total production of cereal crops. The share of basic grain historically is over 90 %, however, the structure of their inside suffered significant changes over the past decades.

Despite of the unstable political situation Cereal sector has got some benefits in export. Exports of the grain market of Ukraine has strengthened in the period from 9 to 15 April due to increasing world prices against the backdrop of worsening geopolitical situation in Ukraine and the deterioration of weather conditions in the United
States. Ukrainian News learned this from the press service of «Derzhovnishinform».

Domestic trading companies, as noted, the voices of their export prices of maize in the 248-252 $/tons while demand stood at 242-245 $/t. [1]

One of the main news of April was the decision of the EU agricultural market open until 31 October 2014 duty-free quota for imports of Ukrainian grains. It fully corresponds with the quota under the FTA-950 thous. tons of wheat and flour, 400 ths. tons of maize and 250 thousand. tons of barley. When signing a free trade agreement, the quota volumes will grow over a period of five years, up to 1 million tons of wheat, 650 thousand and 350 thousand tons of corn. tons of barley.

However, projected world production of wheat (including durum grain) in 2014-15 is going to fall by 2 million. tons compared with a month earlier to 702 million tones. An updated assessment on the 2 % inferior to the record indicator, expected on the basis of the current season-716 million tn.

Summarizing the point, we can easily identify the cereal production of Ukraine as a developing sectors with good possibilities, however the point of devaluation must be also taken into account in forecasting future economical model, but in current situation Ukraine has a good chance to fix EU market as a leader of cereal product export.[2]

The list of references:

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СТАН І ПЕРСПЕКТИВИ РОЗВИТКУ РИНКУ ЯЄЦЬ У ЗАПОРИЗЬКІЙ ОБЛАСТІ

Ринок яєць є складовою агропродовольчого ринку, який являє собою механізм взаємодій покупця та продавця, попиту і пропо-